

## SOCIALISTS HAVE WAR LIKE MEETING

How to Conduct Campaign Chief Argument.

REVOLUTION SUGGESTED

State Ticket, Delegates and Electors Chosen

The Socialists of the state of Kansas in convention assembled nominated the following state ticket, presidential electors and national delegates last night at the American Socialist college:

Governor—Granville Lowther of Wichita.

Lieutenant Governor—A. Roessler of Nashville.

Secretary of State—A. S. McAllister of Herington.

Auditor—George D. Brewer of Girard.

Treasurer—J. E. Taylor of La Fontaine.

Attorney General—F. L. McDermitt of Fort Scott.

Superintendent of Instruction—Prof. C. W. Baker of Udall.

Insurance Commissioner—W. J. McMillan of Osage City.

Congressman-at-Large—G. Bisher of Hutchinson.

Justices of the Supreme Court—G. C. Clemens of Topeka; S. A. Smith of Winfield and R. A. Ross of Kingman.

Railroad Commissioners—W. D. Street of Oberlin, J. S. Haskell of Abilene and Frank Baldwin of Canton.

The following were named as delegates to the national convention: A. W. Ricker of Girard, Thomas Will of Wichita, W. T. Mills of Kansas City, Mrs. Cogswell of Rosedale, Mrs. Kraybill of Coffeyville and J. R. Chapman of Arkansas City. Six alternates were also chosen.

The candidates for presidential electors are as follows: D. F. Ross of Olathe, Thomas L. May of Concordia, J. F. Coats of Emporia, Dr. Pratt of Wichita, W. L. Nixon of Abilene, H. Tilden of Iabel, J. M. Hren of Salina, E. P. Howell of Olathe, N. P. Larson of Parsons and G. F. Conklin of Oberlin.

**Platform Adopted.**

The following platform was finally adopted to be voted on by all Socialists in the state:

We, the Socialists of Kansas, in convention assembled, re-affirm our faith in the principles of international socialism as enunciated in our national platform.

We see society dividing into two classes: the rich and the poor; the one enjoying without toiling and the other toiling without enjoying; and we trace this division to the private ownership by the few of the means of production used by all.

We declare the aim of Socialists to be the organization of the producing classes of city and country into a political party to take control of the powers of government, abolish the despotism and parasitism of wealth and the slavery of toil, establish government of, by, and for the people, secure to each the right and opportunity to live a complete life and thus render possible the brotherhood of man and the reign of good on earth.

**THEY ACTUALLY DO THE WORK**

Food Eaten Is Worthless Unless Digested—Stomach Must Have Help

Food taken into the stomach which, from the nature of the food or the condition of the stomach, is not digested, is worse than no food at all. This is a true statement as far as it goes and a great many dyspeptics go only this far with their reasoning. They argue with themselves that because their stomachs do not do the work given them, they must be given less work; in other words, they must be starved. It would be just as sensible for a business man who is unable to do all his own work to cut down his business to his own capacity, as it is for a man to starve himself to relieve his stomach. The sensible business man employs help and goes forward with his business. Likewise the sensible dyspeptic will employ help for his stomach and give his body proper nourishment.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets actually do the work assigned to them. They relieve weak and overburdened stomachs of a great portion of digestive action. Their component parts are identical with those of the digestive fluids and secretions of the stomach and they simply take up the grind and carry on the work just the same as a good, strong, healthy stomach would do it.

On this account Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are perfectly natural in their action and effects. They do not cause any unnatural or violent disturbance in the stomach or bowels. They themselves digest the food and supply the system with all the nourishment contained in what is eaten and carry out nature's plans for the sustenance and maintenance of the body.

How much more sensible is this method than that employed by many sufferers from weak stomachs. By this means the body and brain get all the good, nutritious food they need and the man is properly nourished and equipped to carry on his work and perform his duties. He could not possibly be in proper working condition by starving himself or employing some new fangled, insufficient food that does not contain enough nutriment for a year-old baby. A strong man doing strong work must be properly fed and this applies to the brain as well as the body.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, by relieving the stomach of its work, enable it to recuperate and regain its normal health and strength. Nature repairs the worn and wasted tissues just as she heals and builds the bone of a broken limb, which is of course not used during the process of repair.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50 cents a box and they are the one article that the druggist does not try to sell something in the place of that "just as good." Their unequalled merit and success and the universal demand for them has placed them within the reach of every one.

of public officers and legislators who sell their influence or votes, or otherwise betray the interests of the people.

2. Public ownership of monopolies, not interstate in character, including city building sites, telegraphs, telephones and electric railways for cities and state; with service furnished at cost.

3. Public industries, including department stores, lead and zinc mines and oil, gas and salt wells, their products furnished to Kansas at cost.

4. The urban home or rural homestead, without rent, mortgage or debt, for each family in the state.

5. Education from kindergarten through university and professional or technical school, available to all without charge.

6. Justice as guaranteed by Magna Charta, for all, without refusal, delay or purchase.

7. Public revenues, ample and just, derived, first, from graduated taxes on corporations, incomes, inheritances and land values, with liberal exemptions for those of moderate means.

Finally, in the wage earner and farmer we recognize the leading types of the producing classes of Kansas. Under our present economic system both are exploited for the benefit of trusts and monopolies; the laborer in the sale of his labor, the farmer in the sale of his products, and both in the purchase of practically all of the necessities and comforts of life. Their cause is one. Divided, their doom is certain; united, their redemption is sure. Each is justified in combining for the protection of himself and his class; but combined political action is essential to the salvation of each. By union at the polls the wage earner and farmer of Kansas can take full control of the legislative, executive and judicial branches of the government of this commonwealth, and end the self-confessed carnival of corruption and plunder that has long reigned at our state capital.

They can throw from their own shoulders upon the brawny back of wealth and privilege the burden of state taxation. They can furnish to themselves, at cost, many of the necessities of life, including oil, coal, gas and salt, and all public utilities and passenger transportation and telephone service within the state. They can guarantee the laborer certain and constant employment at trades union hours, wages and conditions, and insurance against accident, sickness and want in old age. They can provide for the farmer grain elevators, stock yards, telegraphs, freight transportation within the state, and loans of money at cost. They can elect the board of railway commissioners with full power to fix rates. They can unite farm to town by good roads and electric car lines and telephones provided by the state and furnished at cost; they can enlarge and improve, at state expense the work of the Kansas experiment station, enlist the full power of the state in securing the long desired outlet, by rail or canal, to the Gulf, and, as rapidly as may be deemed wise and expedient, apply to agriculture the principle of public ownership and operation, thus increasing the product, shortening the hours, diminishing the severity of the toil, and, in a large measure, abolishing the slavery in which not only the farm hand, but the farmer himself, his wife and children are now involved.

The Socialists of Kansas stand for each and all of these beneficial measures and appeal to the wealth producers of this state to aid them in their attainments. From its birth in the struggle against the slavery of blacks, Kansas has led the vanguard of the hosts of freedom. Will not her tillers and tillers worthy sons of John Hampden, Patrick Henry and John Brown, again rally in defense of wives and children of hearts and homes? As their fathers won political liberty from kings, will they not win economic liberty from the despots of wealth, and in so doing not only make life today worth living, but win the undying gratitude of generations yet to be?

Confusion, wrangling, dissatisfaction and discontent marked the first Socialist state convention that was ever held in Wichita, and which convened in the Music hall on North Main street yesterday. About one hundred Socialists from various parts of the state assembled in the forenoon and organized. C. R. Mitchell, of Geuda, was elected as chairman, and G. W. Merritt, of Enterprise, as secretary.

The various necessary committees were appointed next and then was the inception of an excitement such as has scarcely been known in this section at a political assembly. The greater portion of the day was occupied with tongue-lashing, verbosity and superfluous argument concerning the adoption of a party platform. Some favored what they designated as a "Carl Marx Revolutionary Platform," while others advocated a set of resolutions providing for immediate action on certain specific socialistic principles. This occasioned a real war of words. In various parts of the hall men arose to their feet, asked for recognition from the chairman and shrieked out their assent or approval.

Chairman Mitchell made numerous unsuccessful attempts to pacify the flaming atmosphere. The gavel was used with all the might of the chairman. In the midst of all this disruption a man by the name of Parks, from Olathe, leaped to the front and "popped his fists together" and uttered a most hideous yell. It was fully 15 minutes before quiet was resumed and business continued.

Finally there was a majority and a minority report of the committee read and considered. The majority platform as is explained by Socialists, is supposed to contain principles that are practical. In other words in this platform the advocates want immediate control of government by the people. They also champion various other principles, such as initiative, referendum, proportional representation, equal suffrage and municipal home rule.

The minority platform was almost "hoisted down." The pith and nucleus of this platform is considerably on the "topical" style. As read it sounded like a dream, and a beautiful one, too, painted in eloquent rhetoric and droll English. But, that is about as much as can be said of it.

These platforms brought forth heated discussions. Mrs. Cogswell, of Rosedale, made a short speech in which she explained the true Carl Marx theories. She said that she wanted the socialism of the world to be the socialism of Kansas. She is quite an orator and enthused the convention.

Following this was the sensation of the day, which was a socialist's invective on the constitution of the United States. He said that the only way that Socialism would ever accomplish the principles they advocate is through a revolution. He then made what the Socialists considered as a hit, when he said that he was in favor of revolutionizing the government.

Several recesses were taken and an adjournment was had for the purpose of clearing the air and listening to a literary recital. About 7 o'clock the convention adjourned to meet in the American Socialist college hall on the second floor of the Sedgewick block.

The session of the convention was called to order about 8:30 o'clock and the committee on the state constitution and the party made its report. To

be brief and concise, this occasioned a resumption of the confusion of the afternoon. Ketchner, of Kansas City, and Parks, of Olathe, were the minority leaders, both pertaining to a state constitution and a platform. The convention became so infuriated at times that order was out of all question. Both of these gentlemen were given the undesirable appellation of traitors by several parties. It was finally decided to leave the adoption of the Socialist platform to a referendum vote of the Socialist locals throughout the state. In regard to the party's state constitution the old one was amended and adopted. The question on state constitution was in the article and section relating to the management of the party's affairs. "How shall we handle the campaign?" was the cry. It was left in, practically an unsettled condition, and the Socialist party will be compelled to go through the coming campaign the best that they can on their individual bank accounts.

In the wrangle last night the Socialist principle of harmony, peace and referendum was demonstrated with sad effects. Where debates on questions were opened there were instances in which three-fourths of the convention were endeavoring to be heard. Parliamentary rules were utterly disregarded and the assembly, which posited the Socialist convention of the state of Kansas, was converted into a vaudeville of ridicule and laughter. Before the night session was over one old gray-haired veteran arose, left the hall and declared that there was a machine which wanted to run the whole thing. The objects of the proceeding were to induce before adjournment and when the disappointed comrades left their seats they expressed dissatisfaction. Thus closed the first Socialist state convention ever held in this city.

## SOUTHERN MILLERS MEET

ENTHUSIASTIC GATHERING HELD AT PARLORS OF HAMILTON.

Wheat Supply and Mills Chief Topic of Discussion—Twenty-five Attend.

The Southern Kansas Millers' club held a meeting in the parlors of the Hamilton hotel yesterday afternoon. There were about twenty-five members present from various points in southern Kansas. The leading feature of the meeting was in regard to the wheat supply for the mills. After a lengthy discussion and a comparison of the conditions in different parts of the state, it was concluded that there was sufficient old wheat to keep the machinery of the mills in operation until new wheat came on. This question agitated many of the millers to the extent that some fear was entertained as to where the wheat was to be had for the supply. It is now practically settled and the millers thoroughly understand their situations.

The matter of establishing branch houses in towns and cities where there is a mill that has a capacity to supply the trade was taken up. It was the sense of the meeting that it was absolutely unfair for a mill to go into a town where it is located a mill and sell flour at the same price per car load as the home mill does. This occasioned considerable argument and was finally agreed upon in a harmonious manner.

The Southern Kansas Millers' club is an organization that does a vast amount of good to the millers of this part of Kansas. The club has for its purpose broad and congenial aims. In short, it has been designated as a bureau of information for the benefit of all interested therein.

The following millers were present: F. D. Stevens, of Wichita; W. E. Carr, of Hutchinson; S. B. Carter, of Wellington; J. H. McNair, of Halstead; J. O. Moffitt, of Emporia; H. H. Hill, of Arkansas City; J. W. Sauer, of Cherokee; P. E. Ems, of Inman; Mr. Hackney, of Alva; O. T. J. E. Howard, H. Imboden and W. R. Watson, of Wichita; W. P. Bowen, of Independence; Major Gerster, of Independence; J. T. Dale, of Udall; J. L. Nessaly, of Mulvane; J. W. Burns, of Hutchinson; Colonel Grant, of Larned; J. J. Wall, of Buhler; Mr. Blooming, of Sterling; Colonel Weber, of Nickerson; Chas. Wallace, of Winfield; Ross Stratton, of Winfield, and R. J. Mitchell, of this city.

W. E. Carr, of Hutchinson, presided, with F. D. Stevens as secretary.

**A. W. GREEN**

From Law to Sicily.

The life of any prominent man always possesses interest; especially is this true when he has made an unusual success. Among this class few have accomplished more wonderful results than Adolphus Williamson Green, widely known to the business world by reason of his remarkable achievement in building up the National Biscuit company.

Mr. Green was born in Boston, January 14, 1842. He received his early education in the public schools of that city, graduating from the famous Latin school in 1859. In the same year he entered Harvard university, from which he graduated in 1863 with the bachelor's degree. After leaving college he was appointed principal of the high school in Groton, Mass. He remained there for one year when he removed to the city of New York to become second assistant librarian of the Mercantile library association. His services were so satisfactory that in 1867 he was advanced to the position of librarian, which office he held for two years. In 1869 he was the law office of Evans, Southwold and Chase and studied law with that eminent firm for four years. In 1873 he was admitted to the bar of the state of New York. In the same year he removed to Chicago, where he achieved unusual success in the practice of his profession. His natural business ability and legal attainments soon won for him the highest standing among Chicago lawyers, and brought him a prosperous practice with large corporations. In 1886 he became attorney for the South Park commissioners, and for a number of years he acted in the same capacity for the Chicago board of trade.

**Chautauqua Union Meeting.**

The Chautauqua Union of Wichita will meet socially next Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. M. W. Levy, 102 N. Emporia avenue. All around Chautauqua and all around reading the prescribed courses of study are cordially invited to be present. Each member of the union has the privilege of inviting one guest.

The music for the occasion is in charge of Mrs. M. W. Levy and Miss Jessie Clarke.

Pantomime tableaux will be presented from "Evangelism," "Courtship of Miles Standish" and "Hiawatha."

The reading for the tableaux will be given by Miss Meddie Hamilton, Mr. Otto Ekstein and Miss Sara Norcross.

The committee on refreshments consists of Mrs. S. C. Noble, Mrs. Fidelity Ross, Mrs. Charles Cobb, Mrs. James Black, Mrs. Charles Ritting.

Recent additions to the railways of Texas have pushed that state past Illinois in total mileage.

## NEWS FROM ALL THE RAILROADS

Missouri Pacific Stub Train to Be Taken Off.

BETWEEN HERE AND SALINA

Items of Interest About Different Employees.

Although no information has been received here to that effect, according to the Salina Journal the Missouri Pacific has given that city notice that after April 24 the stub passenger train running between Wichita and Salina will be taken out of service. In return the Missouri Pacific promises the town of Salina, better freight train service and good through passenger service.

The residents of Salina, however, while they appreciate the good points of the change, protest against the abolishment of the stub. It is the only direct service which Salina has from the south and is said the change will make things very inconvenient to the traveling public.

**ORIENT ROAD'S GRADE.**

Santa Fe Gang May Work on the New Line.

It is reported here that a big Santa Fe grading outfit which is now working at Emporia on the extension to the company's yards at that place, will shortly be put to work on the Orient's right of way. It is said that this could be done with advantage to both the contractors and the Orient. In the first place the expense of transporting the outfit would be done away with. The plan is to have the construction gang go to work on the Orient as soon as the Santa Fe's improvements at Emporia are completed. The Orient is having good luck in getting funds and the report is general that the line between Wichita and Kansas City will be finished this summer.

**EMPLOYEE DROPS DEAD.**

Eli Mullen Is Supposed to Have Relatives Here.

Eli McMullen, a section foreman in the employ of the Santa Fe at Iabel, was stricken dead from neuralgia of the heart yesterday while at work with a force of men not far from the town where he lived.

Word was received here yesterday morning announcing the death of the man. As he is believed to have relatives living in Wichita, and none at Iabel, who will care for the body, local officials of the Santa Fe tried all day yesterday to locate some of the man's relatives. If none are heard from today, the body will be buried at Nashville this afternoon.

**FRISCO MAKES REPAIRS.**

Main Line to Be Ballasted and Raised Some.

Extensive repairs are to be made to the Frisco's track facilities in this city. A force of section men began work yesterday morning just south of Douglas avenue, on the company's main line, and the force will gradually work north.

From Douglas avenue to Second or Third street the main line will be raised several inches and ballasted. Cinders are already on the ground, and the work will be pushed to completion.

**CHANGE IN OFFICIALS.**

Rock Island and Frisco Make New Appointments.

The Rock Island railway yesterday announced the following changes in officials to take effect on April 5:

B. L. Winchell, president, in place of W. B. Lewis, resigned; Robert Mather, first vice-president, in place of C. H. Warren, resigned; J. P. Stevens, second vice-president, in place of Robert Mather.

The following changes are also announced in the St. Louis and San Francisco executive officials:

R. E. Yoakum, chairman of the board; A. J. Davidson, president, in place of B. F. Yoakum; Robert Mather, vice-president, in place of B. L. Winchell, who was made president of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway.

**LINK AND PIN.**

Ed. Schindler, a fireman in the service of the Missouri Pacific, who has been taking a lay-off for several weeks, is again ready for duty.

George Fletcher, an employee of the Santa Fe warehouse, has been promoted to the position of day car sealer in that company's yards.

Walter Ross, Jr., of Opelika, Alabama, is in the city visiting his son, John Ross, an employee at the Missouri Pacific freight depot.

George J. Hartman, formerly division superintendent of the Santa Fe, now of El Paso, was in the city yesterday on business.

Gay Myers, an employee of the Santa Fe has returned to work, after a several days' absence on account of sickness.

Andy Anderson, traveling passenger agent for the Vandallia-Pennsylvania line, is in the city on business.

Conductor Charles White, of the Frisco, is taking lay-off. Conductor Lester is taking his place.

John Scroggins, a warehouse employee at the Missouri Pacific, quit yesterday.

Warehouseman Roy Irwin, of the Missouri Pacific, quit yesterday.

**DIVORCE GRANTED YESTERDAY.**

Carrie and Henry Crockey Are Granted Separation.

Judge Wilson granted a divorce in the district court yesterday morning to Carrie Crockey from Henry Crockey on the grounds of gross neglect of duty and extreme cruelty.

## City in Brief

Personal and Other Items of Interest to Wichitans.

Mrs. Joe Brubacher went to Carrollton, Mo., yesterday for several weeks visit.

M. W. Dorsey went to Hutchinson last evening to visit his father, who is sick at that place.

Mrs. Emma Burleigh and her mother, Mrs. Walker, left for St. Louis yesterday, via the Frisco.

Mrs. Clifton Davis, of Kiowa, is here visiting her son, L. A. Heckard, at 1202 North Emporia.

J. W. Metz left this morning over the Orient to look after his extensive lumber interests in Oklahoma.

W. H. Scenton, of Chicago, representing the Lyon-Healy musical house, is in the city for a few days.

Mrs. Addie Hominghouse, assistant territorial librarian at Guthrie, is in the city spending Easter Sunday.

Harry Wingant, advertising manager of the Daily Herald of Topeka, spent the day in Wichita yesterday on business for his paper.

Stuart Hunter and A. E. Hereford, of Newton, are in Wichita in the interest of a patent lock hoop barrel head, which they have just patented.

Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Dickson, who have been sojourning at Eureka Springs for several months, returned to the city yesterday much improved in health.

Mrs. A. C. Julian left last night for Boulder, Colo., where she will make her home in the future. She has been an inmate of the Wichita hospital here for some time.

J. W. Chaney and family, who have been residents of Winfield for several years, have moved to this city and will make their future home at 1436 North Waco avenue.

C. E. Cathcart, of the Southwestern Advertising agency, has returned home from Hutchinson, where he was called a week ago by the serious illness of his sister, who is still very low.

Word was received here yesterday that David Leahy, private secretary to Congressman Murdock, reached Washington all right. Mr. Leahy's health continues to improve, and his ultimate recovery is now assured.

**COMING LOCAL EVENTS.**

Uniform Rank Knights of Pythias drill tonight.

The King's Daughters meet Saturday morning at the city building.

The Ladies of the South Side Free Kindergarten will have a cooked food sale at Weinsbach's grocery Saturday.

The Ladies' Auxiliary will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this afternoon at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

Regular meeting of Wichita lodge, No. 32, I. O. O. F., tonight at 8 o'clock. Work in the initiatory degree. Visitors welcome.

Alla Temple, No. 44, Rathbone Sisters, will serve supper this evening from 6 to 7:30 o'clock. All members and their husbands invited.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Presbyterian church will meet this afternoon at 2:30 with Mrs. E. H. Stevens, 1900 North Topeka avenue.

The Ladies of St. Paul's M. E. church are today giving an Easter sale of fancy articles and cooked foods at the Jackson and Walker coal offices.

The Boys' Union of the Presbyterian Sunday school will have their monthly supper tonight at 6 o'clock and will be addressed after supper by Rev. Bradt and Edwin Huyder.

All members of Sunday School class No. 12 of St. Paul's M. E. church are requested to meet at the church this evening at 7:30. Miss McCullough has something to say to them.

Wichita council, No. 120, Knights and Ladies of Security, will give a literary entertainment and social tonight to members and friends at their hall, over 125 South Main street tonight. A good time is expected.

J. F. Shearman will address the Sedgewick County Bar association in the district court room Tuesday night at 8 o'clock. His subject will be "Expert Testimony on Handwriting." The public in general are invited to attend.

Ladies of W. R. C., No. 46, are requested to bring to the Red Front Racket, at 254 North Main street, all fancy articles contributed to our Easter sale as early as possible; not later than early Saturday morning. Those contributing food will please bring it to Karp's shoe store, 124 North Main, early Saturday morning.

The Unitarian church parlors present a very pretty picture of Easter festivity. The books represent the "Seven Ages of Woman": First, the "Baby" booth, then "Mother Girl," "Sweetheart," "Bride," "Mother," "Spinster," "Sweet Old Age." All sorts of pretty, useful and ornamental articles are on sale and special attention might be called to the good things to eat booth conducted by the "mothers."

**ANOTHER DIVORCE PETITION.**

Lavonia Plymouth Alleges Non-Support and Abandonment.

Lavonia Plymouth filed a petition in the district court yesterday for a divorce from Oscar Plymouth on the grounds of non-support and abandonment.

According to the petition the plaintiff and the defendant were married in this August 26, 1888, and that the plaintiff is still the wife of the defendant.

She alleges that on September 11, 1892, the defendant, without any just reason, or cause, abandoned the plaintiff and since that time he has refused and neglected to provide for the plaintiff, and that she has been compelled to support herself by manual labor.

Therefore the plaintiff asks for absolute divorce from the defendant.

H. G. Ruggies and T. A. Sullivan are the attorneys.

**CONTEMPT CASE IS DISMISSED**

Continued from Fifth Page.

Mrs. Stevens sprang instantly between her father and Mr. Eckstein and began to talk excitedly to her father. She was reprimanded by the court who thought she was instructing the witness, whereupon she subsided in tears, explaining that she knew her father's hasty temper.

The court then explained that he thought she was instructing the witness.

The court then adjourned until the afternoon at which time the receipts in question were produced by Mr. Heath and the final arguments were made in the case.

Judge Enoch in giving his decision said: "Had it been shown by the evidence that the defendant had the rings and refused to deliver them upon the order of the court, I should not have hesitated to find her guilty and either demanded the rings or her imprisonment. I have no personal ambition in this case, other than to hold up the dignity and justice of this office, and, though I think that it would have

## CORRECT CLOTHES FOR MEN

No matter whose clothes you've been buying, at some time in the future you'll buy ALFRED BENJAMIN & CO'S. A fair trial will convince you that they are in every way equal to fine custom-made; and the price is right. This label



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is your protection in buying ready-to-wear; as it is ours in selling.

Equal to fine custom-made in all but price. The makers' guarantee, and ours, with every garment. We are Exclusive Distributors in this city.

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That's What the Modern Gas Range Is  
You light a match and the Gas Range is ready with full cooking heat in less than a minute.

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Sold at Cost  
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SAPOLIO

IS LIKE A GOOD TEMPER, IT SHEDS A BRIGHTNESS EVERYWHERE.

lowered and dragged down the dignity of this court to have issued such an order throwing the woman into jail. I would have done so if she had been proven guilty, but as the evidence shows that the rings were not in her possession, and it was impossible for her to deliver them, I will dismiss the charge and discharge this defendant."

**DIED OF ERYSIPELAS.**

"Red" Wilkins Succumbed to Disease Early This Morning.

J. F. Wilkins, better known among his friends as "Red Wilkins," died at his home, 309 East Murdock avenue, at 1 o'clock this morning, of erysipelas.

Wilkins was well known in this city, having been the proprietor of a barber shop